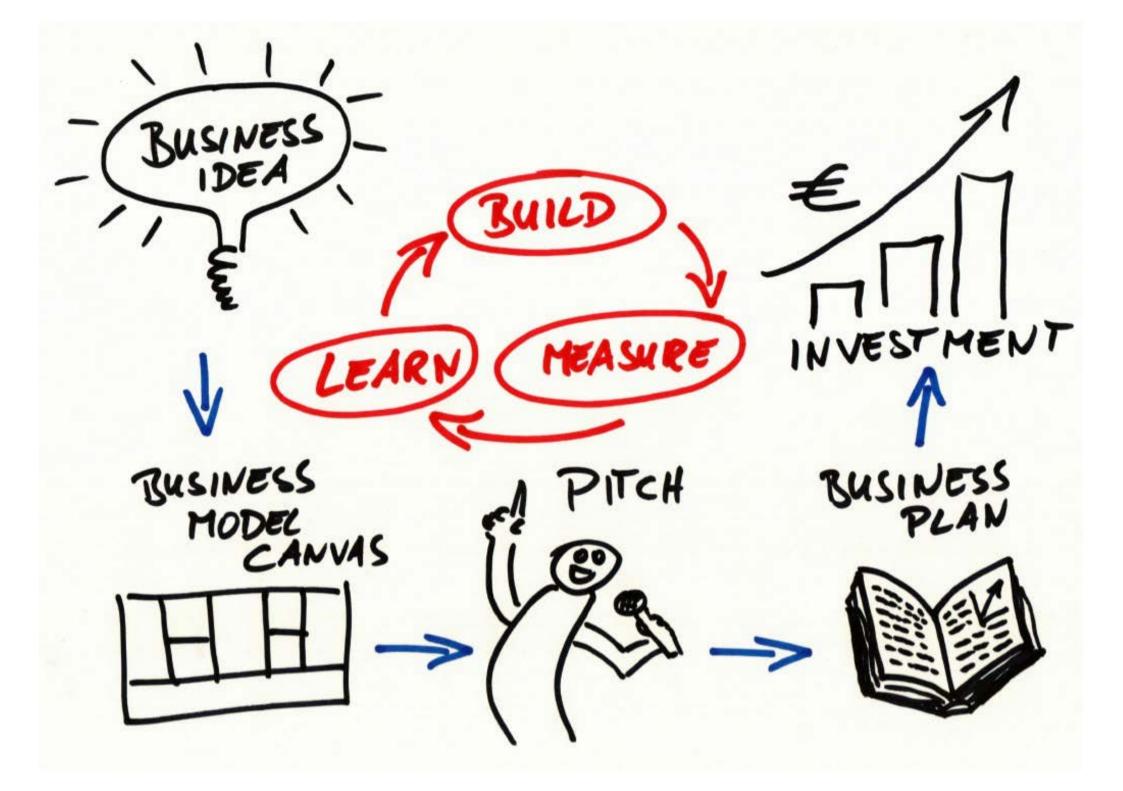


## Introduction to Business Plan





### Contents

- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Products
- 3. Start-up Team
- 4. Marketing
- 5. Business System and Organisation
- 6. Realisation Schedule
- 7. Risks
- 8. Finance
- 9. Climate Impact
- 10. Global Climate Impact of the Business
- 11. Social Impact of the Business' Products or Services

#### **Executive Summary**

Extension: 1-2 pages.

**KEY**: Awakening the interest and curiosity of the reader to keep on reading.

What question do you resolve?: What is the Project about?

### **Executive Summary**

#### **Key Points:**

• **Project description**: A single paragraph where you should describe the project and what need it solves for the customer.

• Competitive Value, Market and Customers: Describe why the project will succeed, it's market (size, growth ... etc) and customer profile ... in a word, to whom and how much to sell

• Funding requirements: How much do you need and where are you going to spend it

- Team: Who are you and why you are the best for this project
- Critical aspects of the plan

#### POWERING VILLAGES, EMPOWERING ENGREPRENEURS

#### WHY SOLAR ENERGY IS NEEDED

More than 60% of sub-Saharan Africa doesn't have access to a reliable source of energy. In rural areas they struggle to comply with the two main domestic requirements for electrification which are lighting and cell phone charging:

- People have to spend \$70-110 annually to meet their lighting needs primarily on disposable batteries for torches and kerosene lamps which pose health risks, environmental pollution and are often inadequate (Lighting Africa 2012 - IFC);
- Phone charging is carried out at the closest electrified town centre for a fee; it's not uncommon to travel over 2km to charge a phone, as usage is mostly related to money transfer or business use, this is a significant pain (GVEP International, 2013).

#### Reasons why only 2% of un-electrified sub-Sahara is equipped with Solar technologies









SOLARIS

2%

of them have adopted

solar power

Can't afford the upfront costs Not bankable enough to access credit

Lack of technical skills La to operate the devices

600

million sub-Saharan

people dos't have access

to electricity

Lack of technical support

#### OUT GECHNOLOGICAL SOLUGION GO INCREASE SOLAR ENERGY ACCESS



Eternum Energy provides affordable energy in lowincome communities via SOLARIS solar charging stations.

\* ~

Ø

Our advanced technology facilitates an overall better solution than currently available solar devices. The basic components allow safe and quick simultaneous charging of up to 9 USB compatible devices. Power is provided via a durable and efficient 20W Solar panel and backup storage comes from new 12V 7AH LiFePo technology, which gives a product lifetime of ten years.

The pay as you go system combines a text message service which sends the customer a unique code after a payment has been made, with an 'unlock' mechanism on the SOLARIS device. The smart system has a user interface to carry this operation out and to allow Eternum Energy to gather data on usage and diagnose system health issues remotely.





# product

#### What's your customer's problem?



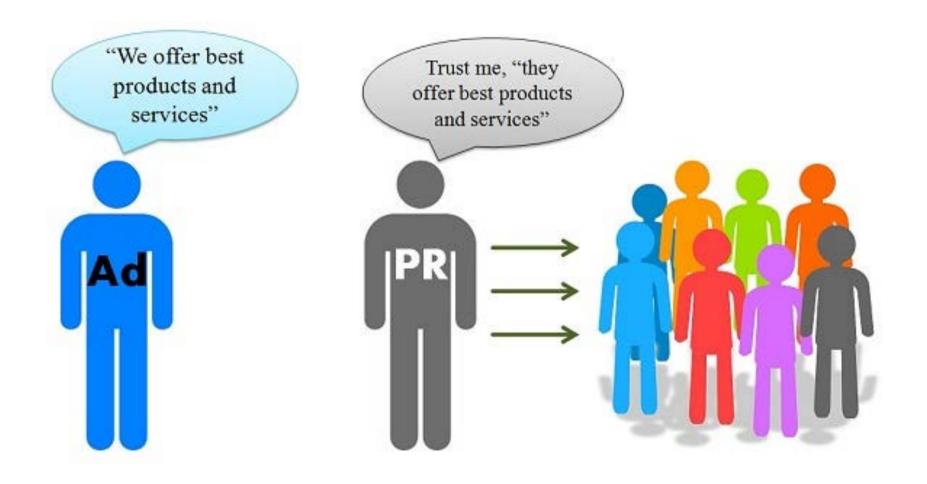


- 5) PRICE
  6) COST REDUCTION, "GETTING THE JOB DONE"
  7) OTHER VALUES: ECO, CLEAN...
- 4) BRAND
- 3) DESIGN, PERFORMANCE, USER EXPERIENCE
- 2) CUSTOMIZATION
- 1) NEWNESS, TECHNOLOGY

#### VALUE PROPOSITION

#### Why are you different?

At the end, you're different or ... you're cheaper, Guy Kawasaki



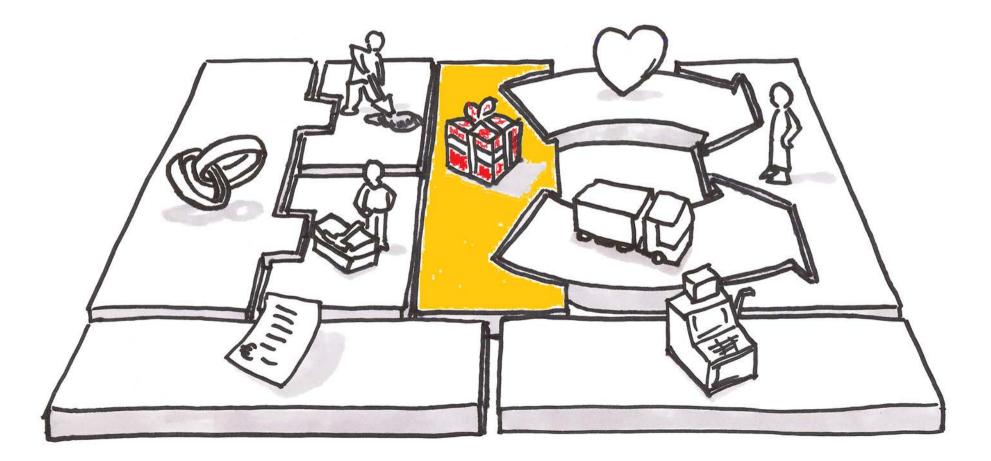
#### PRODUCT

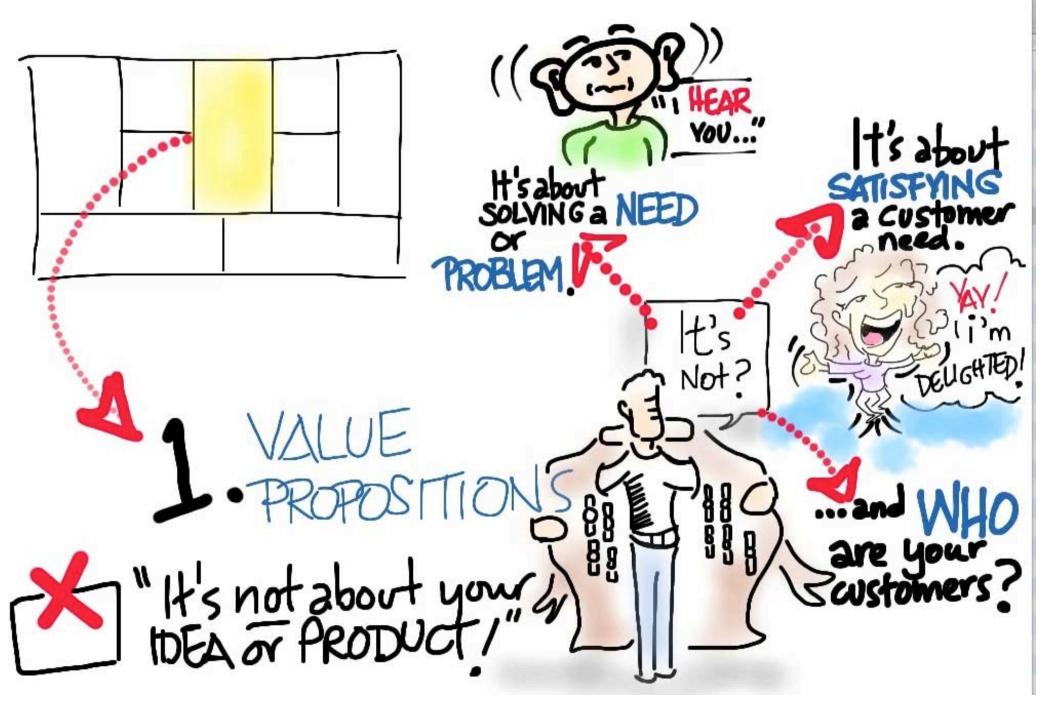
- Describe your customer's problem.
- Define the solution.
- Describe all your products.
- Describe value propositions for each product.
- How will you protect its uniqueness?



#### Products

## Related Business Model Canvas Blocks: Value **Proposition**



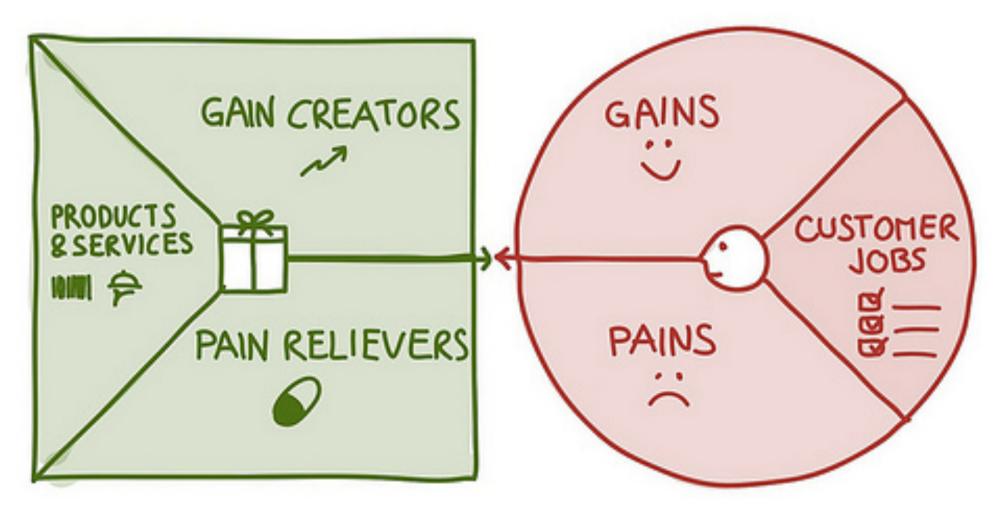


### Value Proposition

My company, (company name), is developing (something) to help (someone solve some problem with secret sauce).

#### Products

#### Tool: Value Proposition Canvas





### Minimum Viable Product



(prototype)



(minimum viable product)



(product)

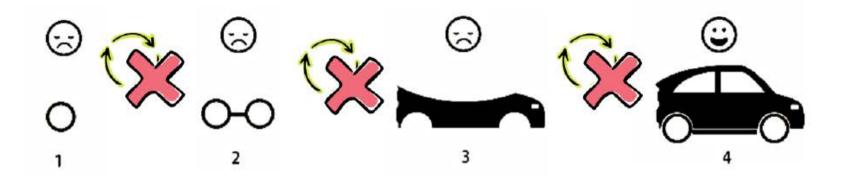
#### Define Minimum Viable Product – Physical

- First, tests your understanding of the problem (pain)
- Next tests your understanding of the solution (gain)
  - Proves that it solves a core problem for customers
- The minimum set of features needed to learn from earlyvangelists
- Interviews, demos, prototypes, etc
- Lots of eyeball contact

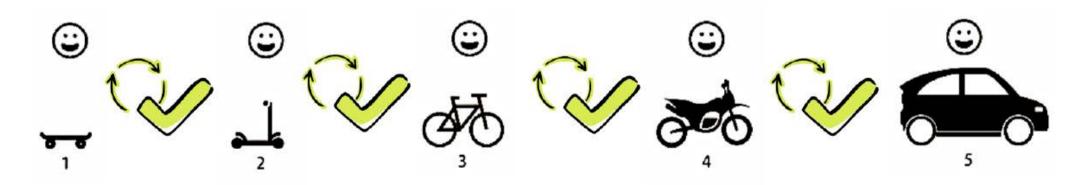
## Define the Minimum Viable Product – *Web/Mobile*

- NOW build a "low fidelity" app for customer feedback
  - tests your understanding of the problem
- LATER build a "high fidelity" app tests your understanding of the solution
  - Proves that it solves *a core problem* for customers
  - The minimum set of features needed to learn from earlyvangelists
- Avoid building products nobody wants
- Maximize the learning per time spent

#### desarrollo en cascada



#### desarrollo ágil

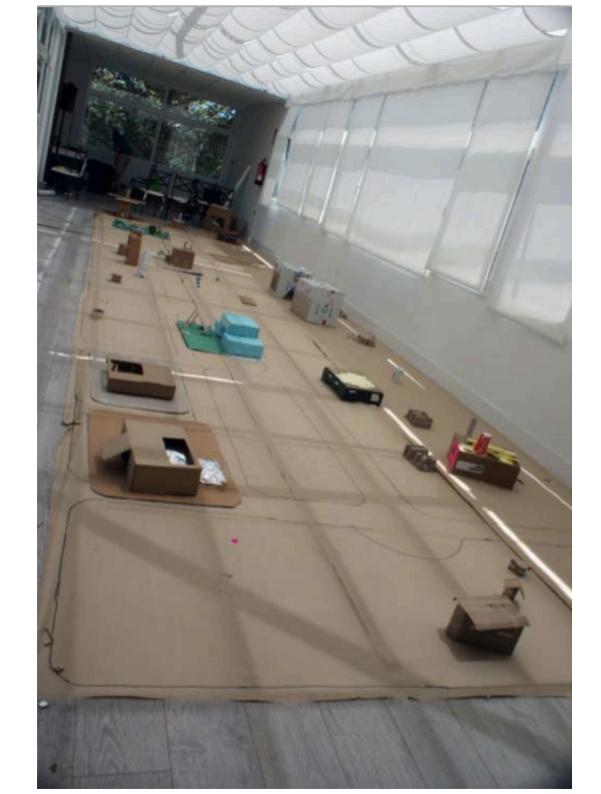


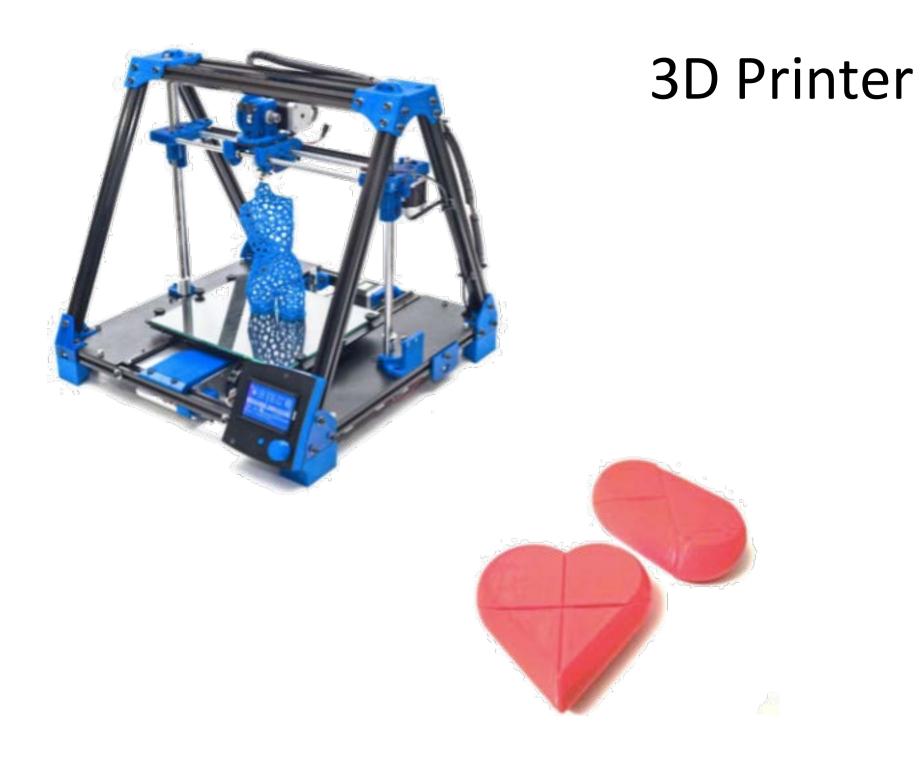
#### Paper and paperboard

















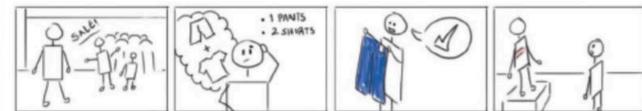
### Infographics

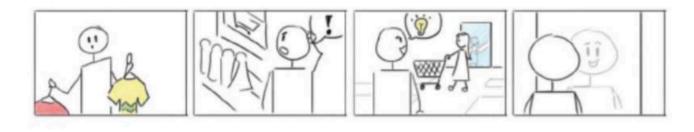


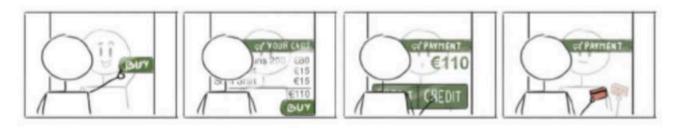




#### storyboards







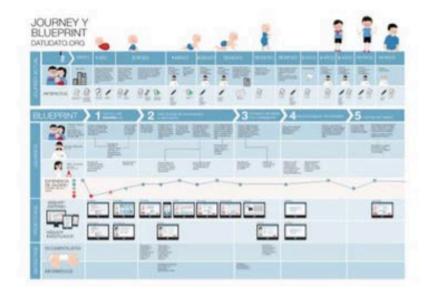


#### Video



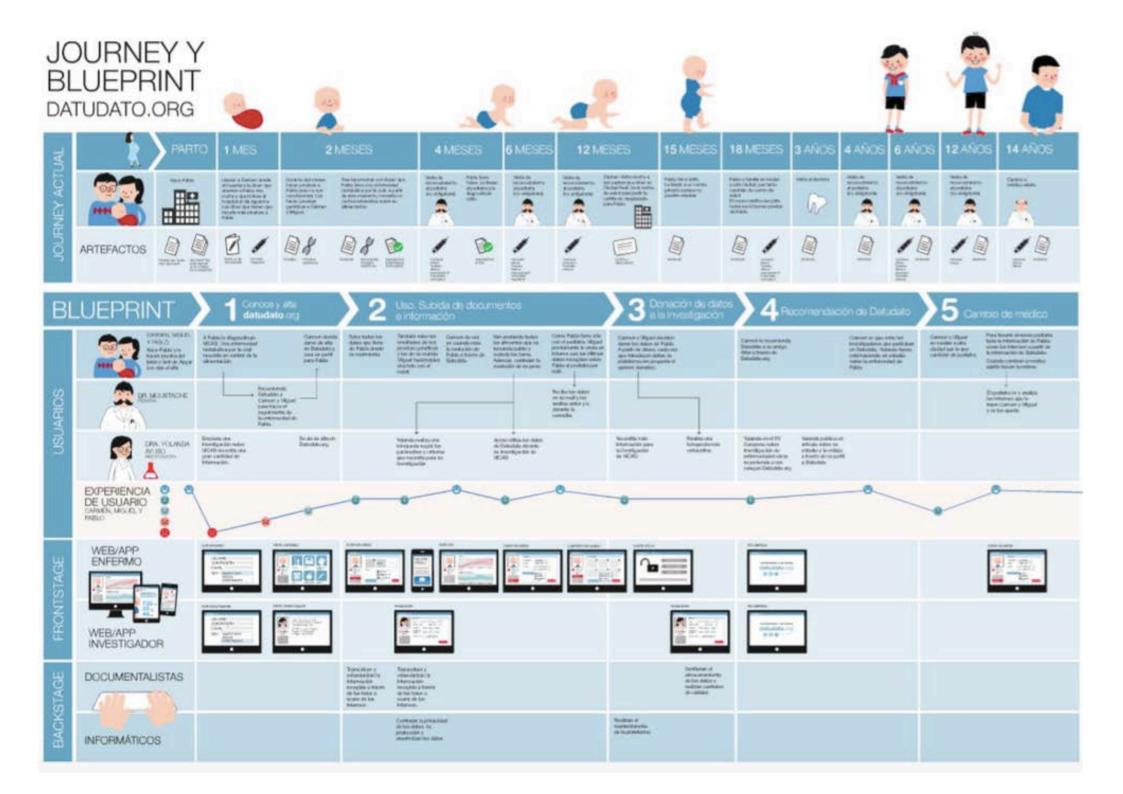


# customer jouney maps



S Touchpoint Dashboard





## S Touchpoint Dashboard



# roleplay





### Apps for Prototyping Apps





## team

#### you are the perfect team...



#### ... but if you don't describe it properly ...

#### ... you're going to seem 4 times the same person.



### Three profiles for a Dream Team:

"To run an efficient team, you only need three people: a Hipster, a Hacker, and a Hustler."



### **HIPSTER**



# HIPSTERS

It takes a lot of effort to look like you don't care.

motifake.com

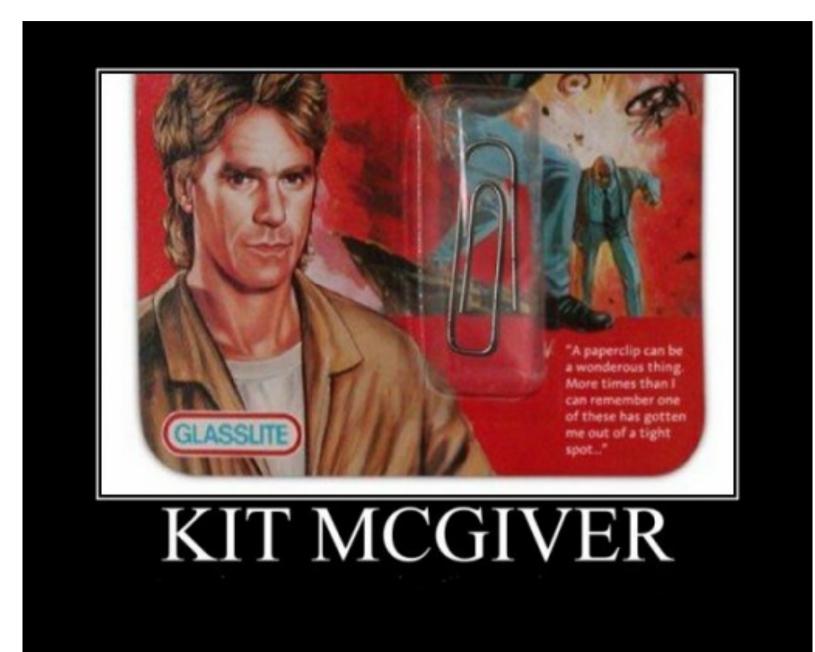
### **HIPSTER**

Usually working their way into the mix as the **designer** or creative genius, they'll make sure the final product is cooler than anything else out there. But, not only that, they'll ensure the shade of blue used to accent the font really brings out the subtle homage to an artist from the '70's you've probably never heard of.



DESIGN USER EXPERIENCE BRAND

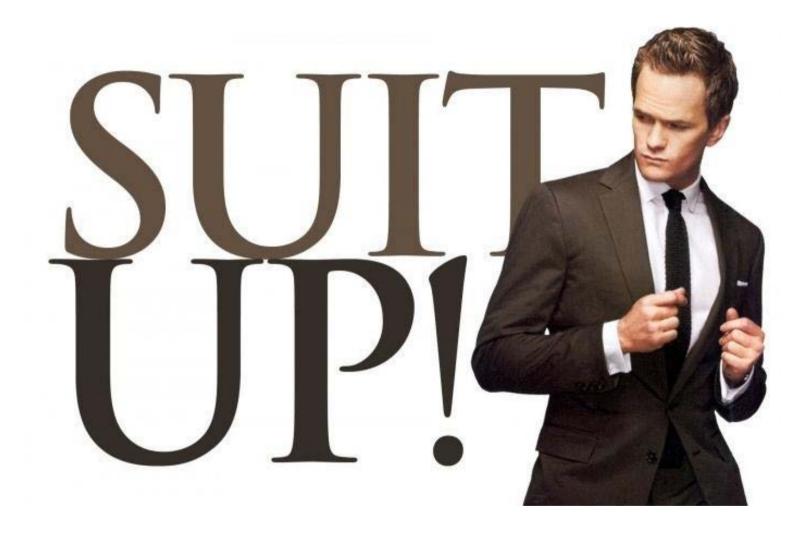
### HACKER



### HACKER

The one most likely to sit quietly through a board meeting until uttering the three sentences that **answers the all important** question of "how?" the new idea or initiative can be brought into reality. Resembling MacGyver with their ability to wield various lines of code or programing languages, you'll get dizzy trying to keep up with their keystrokes.

### HUSTLER



Because tonight is going to be legendary!!!!

### HUSTLER

They have the tendency to be the most misunderstood member of this trio. The Hipster is likely to accuse the Hustler of having sold out to the man because of their constant question of "It's cool, but is it something our partners and clients want?" The Hacker is likely to do their best to avoid one on one conversations with the Hustler as a result of jock vs. geek episode back in high school.

## Three profiles for a Dream Team:

When the Hipster brings the creative design and cool factor, the Hacker brings their utility belt of technology solutions, and the Hustler finds the right way to package it all up and take it to the masses in the form of sales and partnerships, it is a combination that is tough to beat.

The only question is, does your team have all three?

### **MEMBER PROFILE**



Name Where are you from? Age

Education Work Experience Success, Failures Business Reputation

Startup position Startup roles

Motivation

### **DEFINE ROLES**

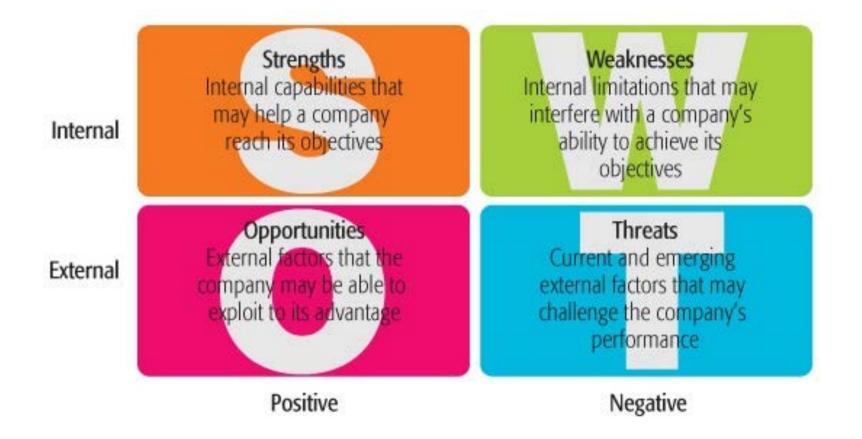
CEO CTO CMO Finance Sales Maintenance R&D Design Programmer

. . .

Add descriptions related to each product.

Never assigned the same role to several members.





### let's define your customer segment...



"Someone calling themselves a customer says they want something called service."

... if you can.

# **CUSTOMER SEGMENT**

1) MASS MARKET 2) NICHE SEGMENT: Girls under 30. 3) SEGMENTED: 2 + Blond girls under 30. 4) DIVERSIFIED: Girls under 30 + Girls over 50 5) MULTI-SIDED PLATFORMS: One depends on another.

## **Define your target segment:**

Pick your strongest customer segment.

Photo and Sharing Service

#### Possible Customers List

Really broad category: Anyone that shares lots of photos and videos.

More Specific:

- 1. Photographers
- 2. Videographers
- 3. Graphic Designers
- 4. Architects
- 5. Doctors



Distinguish customers (pay) and users.

TAM: total possible demand for your product

Total number of farmers.

SAM: based on your current business model

Number of farmers who will use methane for power generation.

SOM: based on practical limits of your business model

Number of farmers that I can give service with my resources.

Source: faberNovel

### **Describe your competitors:**

- Sometimes it is not positive to say that you are the only one developing a unique solution.
- Why nobody is interested in developing something similar?
- $\rightarrow$  Why are you in a blue ocean?

### **Describe your competitors:**

 A competitor is not someone developing the same product as you, is someone that is giving an alternative solution to the same problem your product is giving an answer to.



## **Describe your competitors:**

- Give numbers.
- What are their products and prices?
- Why your products are different and better?
- Knowing your competitors prices is very useful for deciding your product price.

COMPETE	NCIA					
COMPETIDORES		0		doo	age	4
	•	•	•	•	•	•
COMPARTIRENTRE PLATAFORMAS	•	•	•	•	•	•
SEGURIDAD	•	•	•	•	•	•

CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS 1) PERSONAL ASSISTANCE 2) DEDICATED PERSONAL ASSISTANCE 3) SELF-SERVICE **4) AUTOMATED SERVICES** 5) COMMUNITIES 6) CO-CREATION: Customer is involved in the creation of the product.





## CHANNELS

## Where are you going to advertise?

#### Finding initial prospects (outbound)

- 1. Make a list of 1 degree contacts
- 2. Ask for introductions
- 3. Email list from teaser page
- 4. Blog readers
- 5. Facebook, LinkedIn, twitter
- 6. Adwords, Facebook Ads
- 7. Cold Call/Email
- 8. Sponsor groups/events
- 9. Other

#### Building scalable channels (inbound)

- 1. Content Marketing
- 2. Advertising
- 3. Sales force
- 4. Referrals



## MARKETING

- Define your customer segment.
- Define your target segment and your early adopters.
- Market size: Define your TAM, SAM and SOM.
- Describe your competitors.
- Define customer relationships.
- Define channels.
- Define number of sales you expect.

# Marketing

## Related Business Model Canvas Blocks: Customer Segments, Customer Relationships & Channels





Customer Segments

## Define Customer Archetype/Persona

- Who are they?
  - Position / title / age / sex / role
- How do they buy?
  - Discretionary budget (name of budget and amount)
- What matters to them?
  - What motivates them?
- Who influences them?
  - What do they read/who do they listen to?
- Draw a Day in the Life of the customer

# Marketing

### Tools: TAM, SAM, SOM

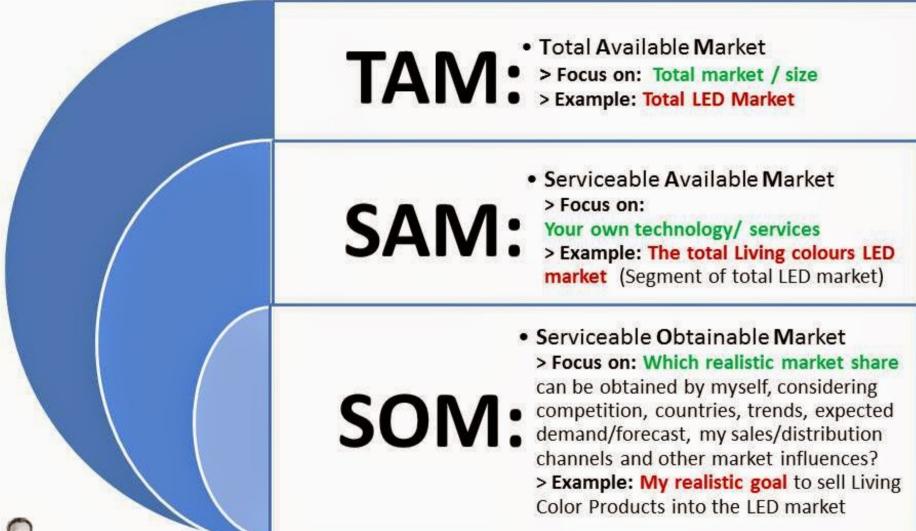
TAM: total possible demand for your product

SAM: based on your current business model

SOM: based on practical limits of your business model Customer Segments

Source: fatherMovel

### **TAM SAM SOM Market Evaluations - Easily Explained**





Explanation by Carsten Schade, Dipl./ B.A., Marketing Manager Europe, Middle East & Africa Questions? Just contact me on: <u>carstenschade@hotmail.com</u>

# Four Types of Markets

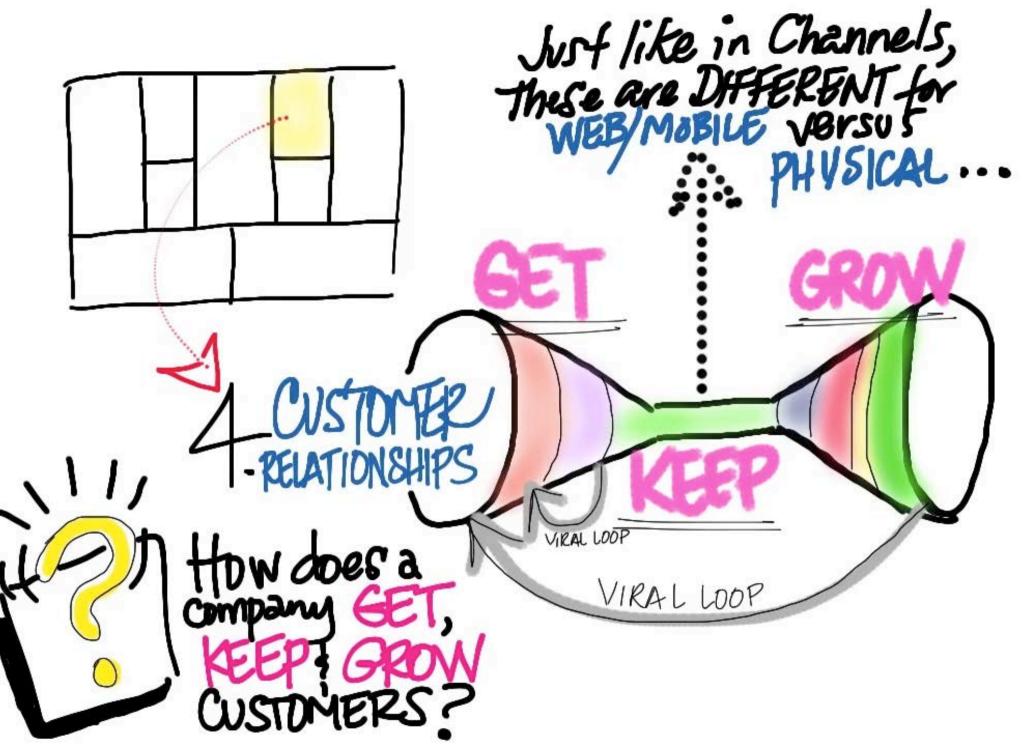
Existing	Resegmented	New	Clone
Market	Market	Market	Market

- Existing Market
  - Faster/Better = High end
- Resegmented Market
  - Niche = marketing/brandingdriven
  - Cheaper = low end
- New Market
  - Cheaper/good enough can create a new class of product/customer
  - Innovative/never existed before
- Clone Market
  - Local adaptation

# Market Type

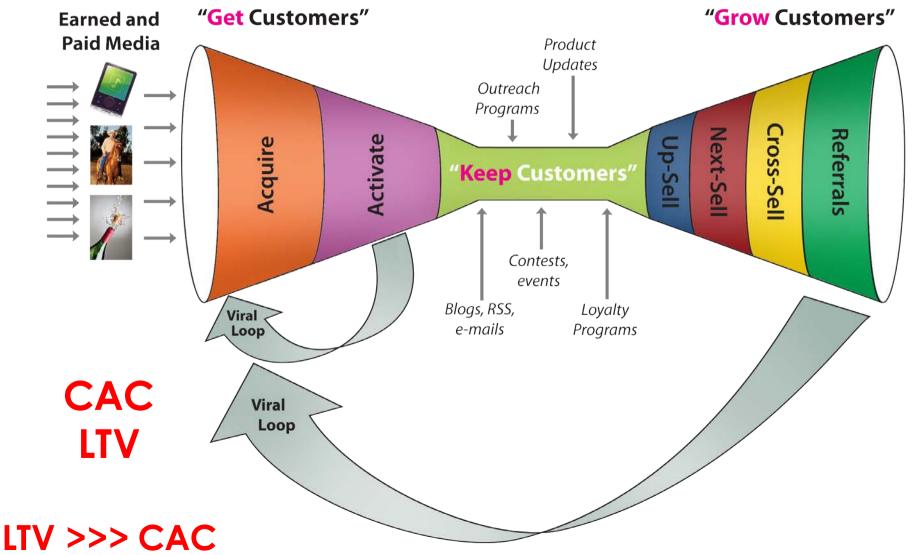
	Existing	Resegmented	New	Clone
Customers	Known	Possibly Known	Unknown	Possibly Known
Customer Needs	Performance	Better fit	Transform- ational improvement	Local version
Competitors	Many	Many if wrong, few if right	None	None
Risk	Lack of branding, sales and distribution ecosystem	Market and product re- definition	Evangelism and education cycle	Misjudge local needs
Examples	Google	Southwest	Groupon	Baidu

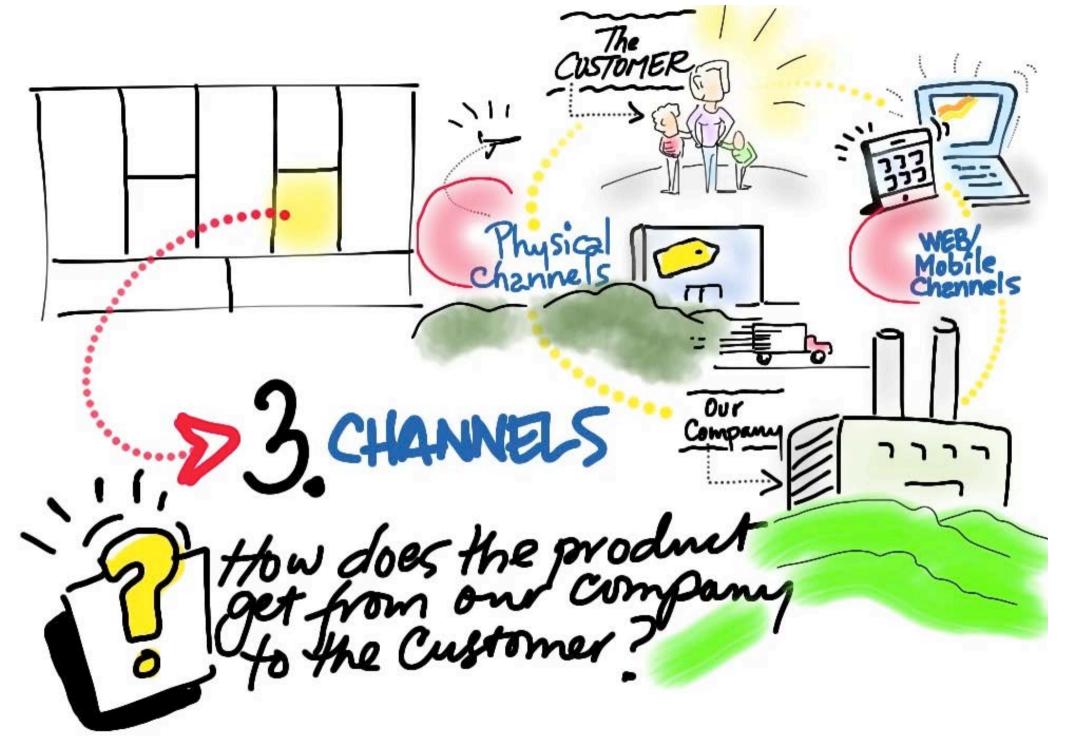
- Rate of customer adoption
- Sales and Marketing strategies
  - Cash requirements



© 2012 Steve Blank

## Customer Relationships Web/Mobile Products Get/Keep/Grow





# business system & organisation

### **Describe your key resources**

## INTELLECTUAL

- Brands
- Propietary knowledge
- Patents
- Copyrights
- Partnerships
- Customer databases

### **Describe your key resources**

## **PHYSICAL**

- Manufacturing facilities
- Buildings
- Vehicles
- Machines
- Point-of-sales
- Distribution networks

## **Describe your key activities**

- Design the product
- Make the product
- Deliver the product
- Solve problems
- Marketing
- Other logistics

In which activities are you focused on? Which activities are going to be done by partners? Why?

## **BUSINESS SYSTEM**

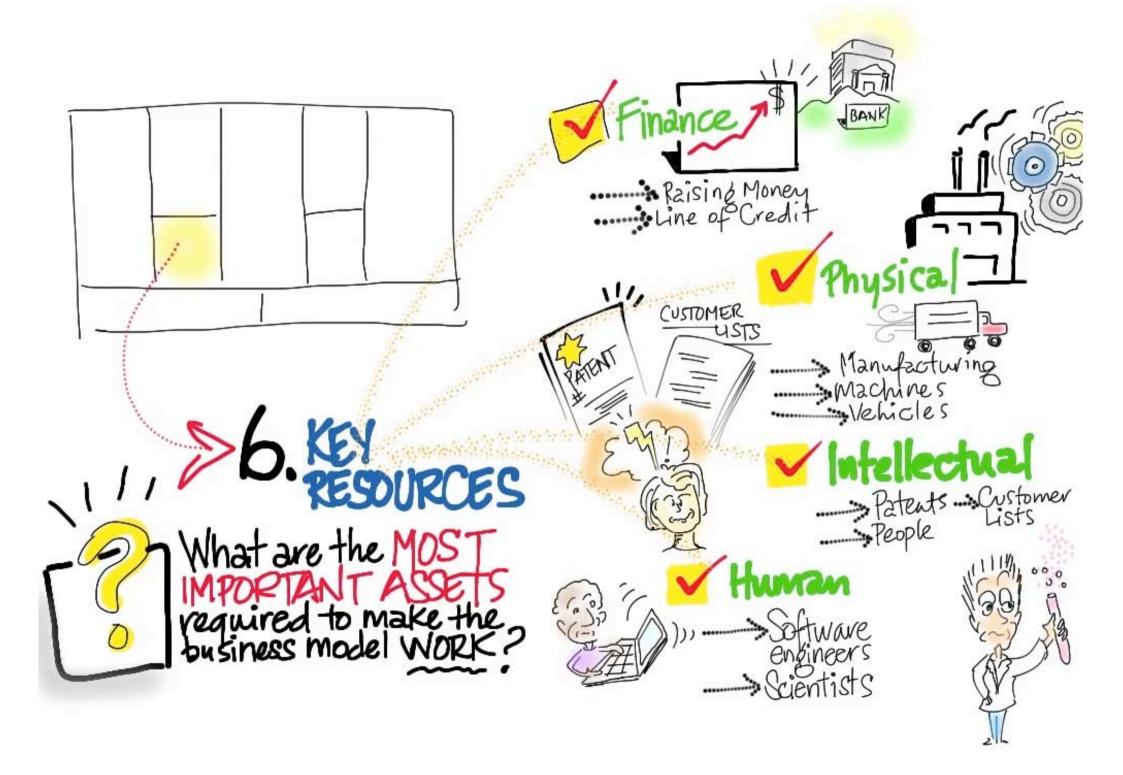
- Define your key resources.
- Define your key activities.
- Focus on some of those activities.
- Characterize your organization (corporate culture).
- Outsourcing → Partners.
- Describe milestones and key metrics.
- Describe the path from idea to market, and from user to customer.

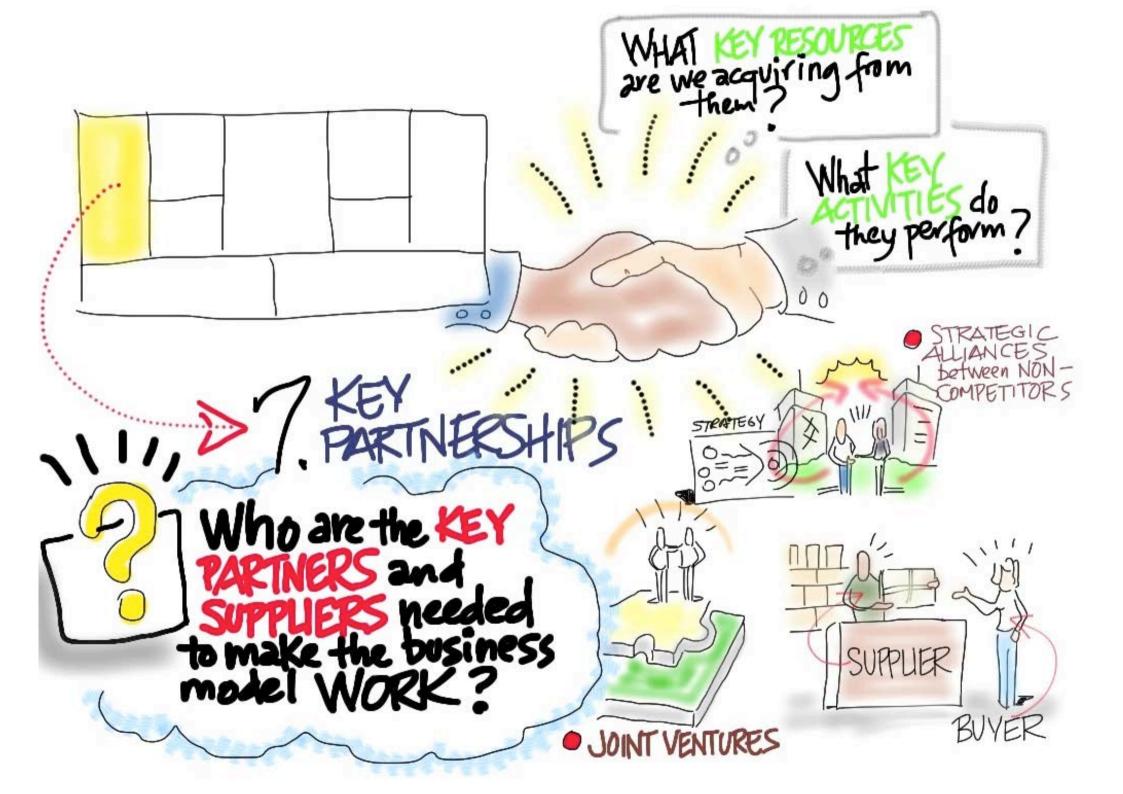
## Business system and organisation

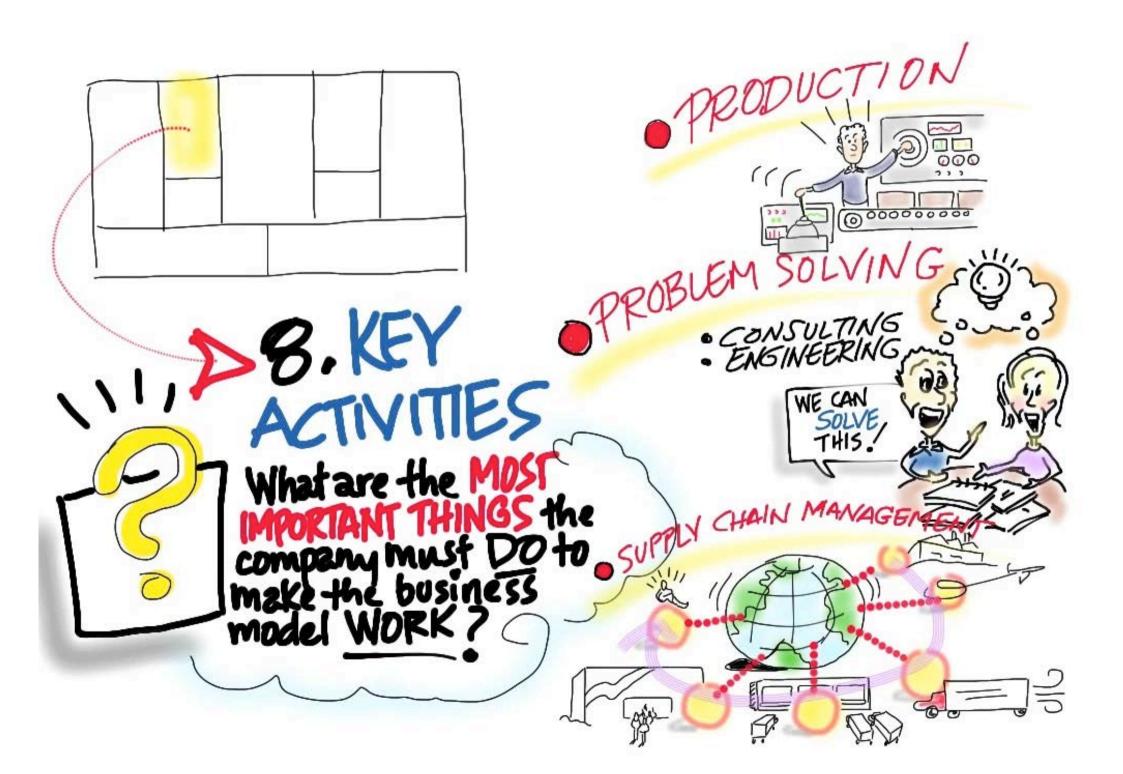
#### Related Business Model Canvas Blocks: Key Resources, Key Partners











## risks



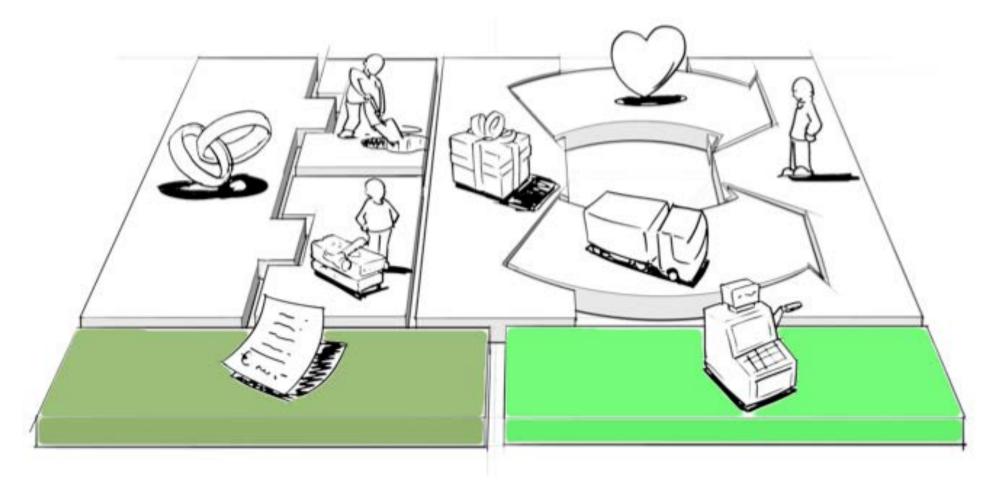
#### RISKS

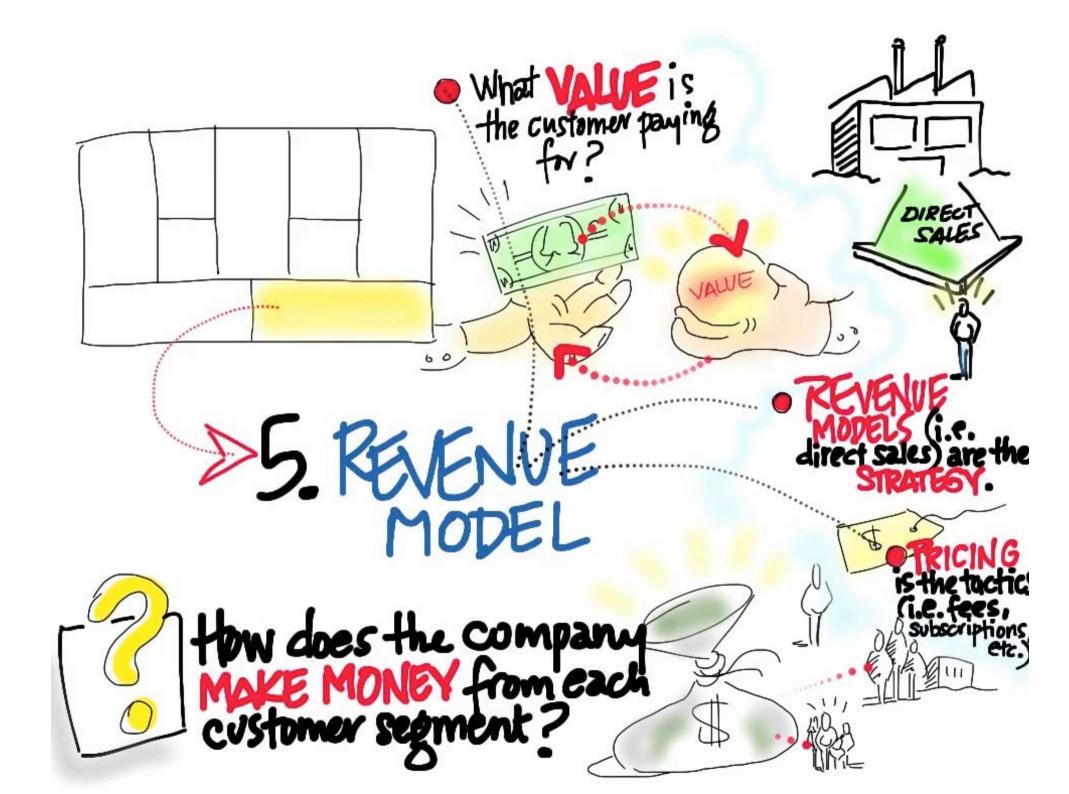
- What risks can you see that might threaten the success of your enterprise?
- How will you deal with these risks, and how will you minimize their impact?
- What is the quantitative effect of the individual risks (scenarios)?
- How would the business survive the worst case?

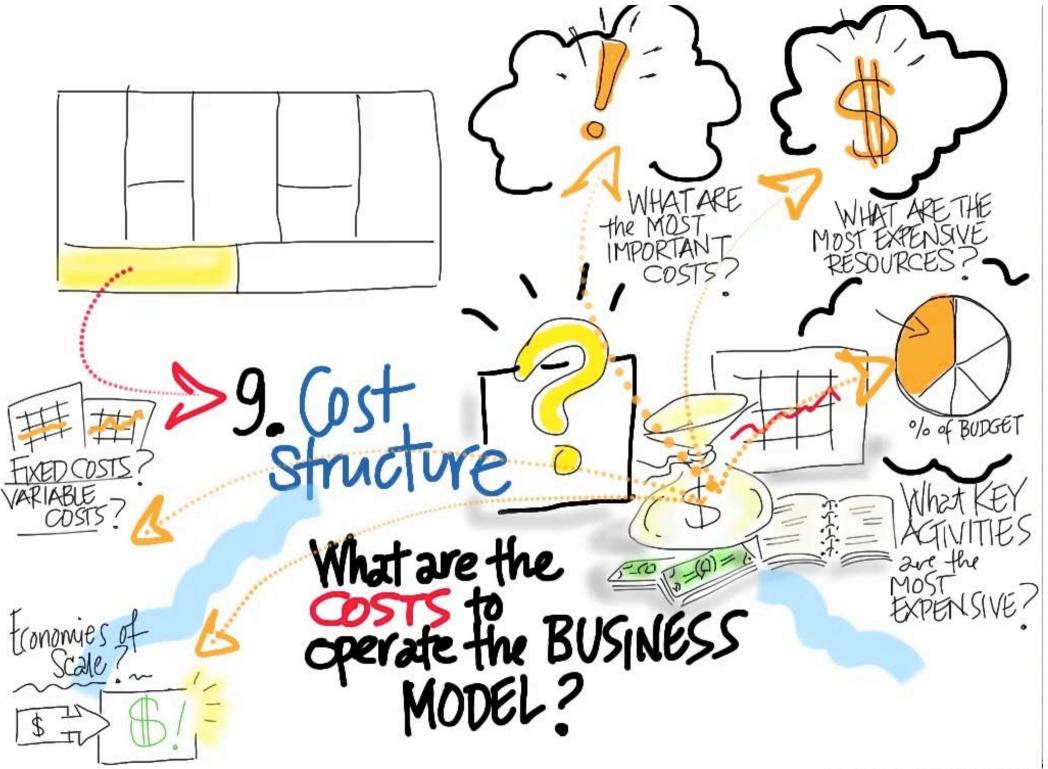


## Finance

#### Related Business Model Canvas Blocks: **Revenue Streams, Cost Structure**

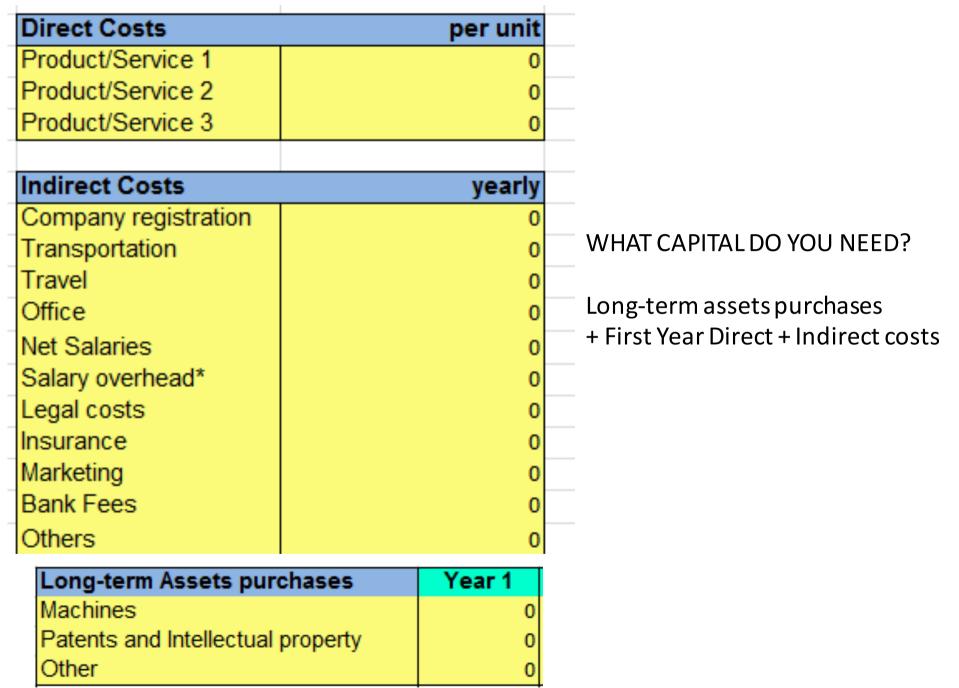




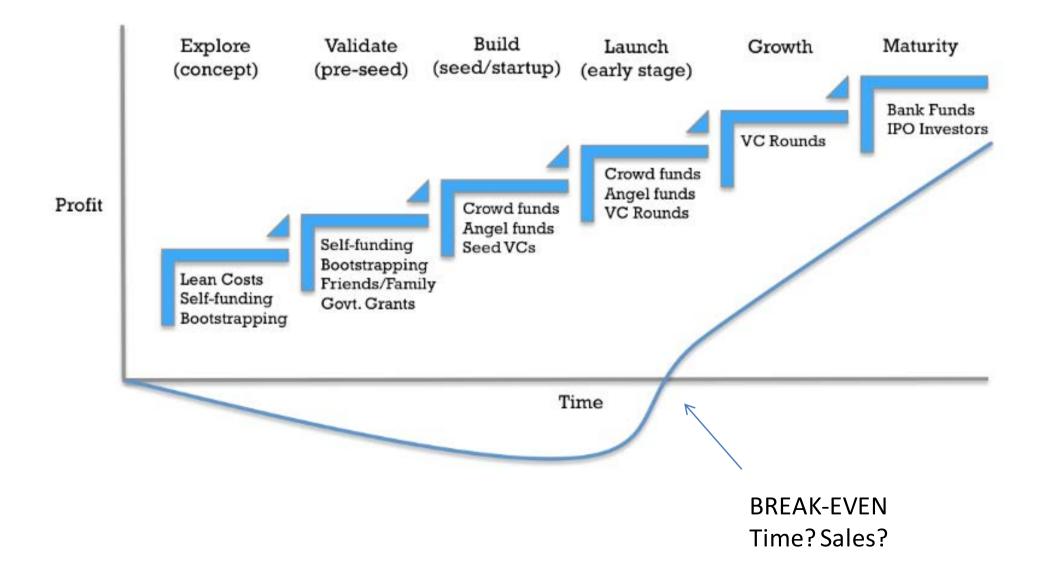




#### **Describe cost structure**



#### FUNDING



1) ASSET SALE 2) USAGE FEE **3) SUBSCRIPTION FEE** 4) LENDING/RENTING/LEASING **5) LICENSING** 6) INTERMEDIATION 7) ADVERTISING

## **REVENUE STREAMS**



#### **FINANCE**

- Describe cost structure.
- Describe how much capital you need.
- Describe funding sources.
- Define time and number of sales required for reach break event.
- Describe revenue streams.
- Define prices for your products.
- Define up-sellings and x-sellings.

# THANK YOU !!

#### **Oscar Morant Martínez**



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